



On Tuesday of last week, the House shelved the compulsory education bill—  
TUESDAY, APRIL 22, 1874.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE.

The Democratic Committee of Adams county will meet at the Globe Inn, Gettysburg, on SATURDAY, MAY 19, 1874, at 11 o'clock A. M., to elect Delegates to the State Convention and fix the time for holding the Convention to nominate a county ticket. A full attendance is urged.

E. W. STAHL, Pres't.  
R. SHERMAN, Sec'y.

The Committee is composed as follows:

Chairman, E. W. Stahl, Franklin.  
Berwick, J. C. Wolff, Jess Newmark.  
Bucktail, two—Jacob Steiner, Daniel Lichten.  
Cumberland—Abner Whistler, James Lee, Peter.

Columbia—Augustus Bellows, Edward Smith.

Franklin—W. H. Hartman, W. F. Knott.

Frederick—A. F. White, David Shultz, Jr.

Gentry—H. J. Stahl, Aaron Shearer.

M. M. Miller, Emanuel Ziegler of J.

Georgetown—Wm. Rider, James N. Jones.

Huntington—A. J. A. Smyers, Jacob H.

Millersburg—Z. M. Myers, J. Ogden, Jr.

Hamilton—Dr. F. C. Wolf, John D. Knapp.

Hancock—David Daugherty, Emanuel Frank.

Latinore—Michael Stumbaugh, P. A. Myers.

Liberty—J. P. McPherson, David C. Kuhn.

Littlestown—J. W. Hornberger, J. L. Stahl.

Monroe—Nicholas Wierman, F. W. Gruen.

Montgomery—Joseph Spangler, Henry J. Henner.

Montgomery—David Bluebaugh, David Smith.

Oxford—John Kellie, George G. S. Zornick.

Bowling—Peter S. House, Dr. A. H. Miller.

Sabina—William Yeuts, L. B. Boyers.

Tyrone—F. H. Elbert, Levi Fife, George F. Fife.

Union—Wm. Dutcher, Jonathan Utter.

York Springs—Reuben Reed, F. D. Lowry.

April 22, 1874.

Gov. WASHINGTON was elected United States Senator by the Massachusetts Legislature on Friday. A triumphal

procession followed him to the State house.

The French steamer America was diverted and abandoned near Boston on the 14th instant. All the passengers and crew saved. This is the third ship of this line lost since last November.

By a vote of 178 to 41 the Federal House of Representatives has passed a bill to remove postage from papers in the county in which they are printed. The bill will not pass the Senate.

EFFORTS are being made to bring about peace in Cuba—the island to remain united to Spain, the people to select representatives to the Cortes, and slaves emancipated to be paid for by the government.

MORE DEMOCRATIC SUCCESSES.—The township elections generally throughout New Jersey on Monday week were carried by the Democrats, Trenton, Jersey City, Hoboken and Elizabeth elected Democratic officers.

The Democrats elect the mayor in Newark, New Hampshire, by 100 majority; also, a majority of aldermen and other city officers.

In New York the Republicans carry the city of Albany for mayor—the board of aldermen being a tie. Lockport elects a Democratic mayor and a majority of the city ticket.

This result in fifty-five counties in the state of New York shows a Democratic gain of 361 towns since 1872 and 163 since 1873.

It is significant that the best element of the newspaper press of the country is almost unanimous in opposition to all schemes of inflation. The five great dailies of New York—*The Tribune*, *Herald*, *World*, *Times* and *Sun*, with a unanimity probably never witnessed before on a question of such wide-reaching, national character, steadily oppose every measure looking to expansion.

Representing as they do every shade of political opinion, and standing for the best digested theories of political economy, they speak on this subject the sentiments of those whose clear ear enables them to see beyond the immediate relief promised by the inflationists to the disastrous results which must inevitably follow their mad policy.

The Democrats of Columbia county, on Tuesday week, appointed Gen. Peter Eustis and Dr. Robbins delegates to the Pittsburgh Convention. On motion of Nasau, it was moved that, instead of the number of Representatives sent to the new Constitution, the number of delegates in State Convention should be equal to the number of Representatives and be chosen from the Representative districts, and Senatorial delegates should be dispensed with; that the selection of Senatorial delegates hereafter will be inconvenient and will not be necessary to the full and fair representation of the people." The resolution in favor of Hon. Warren J. Woodward for Supreme Judge was adopted. Judge Eustis declining to have his name used.

ARKANSAS has two Governors, and there is no little excitement in consequence. It appears that Joseph Brooks claims to have been elected Governor in 1872, and instituted a suit in a circuit court to gain possession of the office. Meanwhile, the Attorney General brought a suit against Governor Baxter, who was in possession of the office, and the Supreme Court of the State decided that it had no jurisdiction over a contested election case for the office of Governor. The Legislature in 1873 opened the referee and declared Baxter elected. Meanwhile a decree to the jurisdiction of the court was entered, and the Judge overruled the demurmer and issued a judgment of ouster. A writ was placed in the hands of the Sheriff, and Brooks with an armed band forced his way into the Governor's office and ejected him. The party also broke into the State Armory and seized about one hundred stand of arms. Governor Baxter has telegraphed to President Grant, asking that the commander of the United States Arsenal be directed to remove him.

The President declined to interfere in the contest. United States troops are present to preserve order. The Brooks and Baxter parties have been arming, and bloodshed may follow. Late dispatches are favorable to Brooks, Baxter having put himself above the law in seizing the telegraph.

TEACHERS.—The Seaford (Del.) Citizen says—"We are informed by gentlemen who are large peach growers that recent cold weather has destroyed the peaches, and nothing like the crop anticipated will be picked. Hale's Early and Milton varieties are all dead; while a variety called the Smoke seems to have stood the sudden changes remarkably well. None of the late varieties are damaged to any extent."

FISH.—At the Cranberry fishery, Chesapeake Bay, on Tuesday week, 4000 herring, 3600 shad and several barrels of rockfish were taken, the latter with 1000 bushels. The Haive Roads report the above and say that the gillers of Haive de Grâce are doing tolerably well. Shad remained in that town last week at \$5 to 40 cents per pair.

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**Boy Scattered by a LIONESS.** — A boy scattered by a lioness on Saturday evening, April 11, says almost every yesterday, Henry Horning, aged 12 years, was seriously if not fatally injured by having his scalp torn by a lioness belonging to Pencraig's menagerie, which is now kept at Gettysburg. The cage containing the lioness, which was driving through the streets in the morning along with the circus procession, and at the time the boy was hurt had stopped at the corner of Forest and Douglas streets, was so large that it could not be moved, and nothing separated the animals from the crowd but the bars, a great many boys, with the usual juvenile disregard of danger and desire for mischief, stood near, gazing with admiration at the lioness, and the boy, who had run up to her to look at her, was pulled in after her, and was just rescued from the city a large sum of money.

**NEW FIRM! NEW GOODS!**

**Strouse & Rainer,**

HAVING bought the remaining stock of H. J. Rainer, late of Gettysburg, and sold to the late Mr. S. C. Rainer, have opened a new store, No. 102, in the same building, and will sell all kinds of goods at very reasonable prices.

**DRIVERS AND SHIFTS,**

Shirtwaists, Blouses, Buttons, Neckties, or the like, lace, etc.

**HOSIERY,**

Hats, Caps, Gloves, TRAVELING TRUNKS, HAND TRUNKS, and CANCER BOOTS.

With a large variety of articles, including Stockings, Knitwear, Gloves, etc., and a variety of other articles.

**LOW CASH PRICES**

and will be sold at small advances for the same, etc., etc.

April 8, 1874.

**NEW GOODS,**

offer them at the best prices possible for the buyer, "short profits and quick sales."

**GROCERIES, LIQUORS,**

STATIONERY, DRUGS, TOBACCO, ETC.

This is a well known house, and the best in town, for the sale of all kinds of Groceries, Liquors, Stationery, Druggists, etc.

The house is well known for its good character, and the proprietors are well known for their integrity and reliability.

**ZACCH. H. PROPPZ, Agent,**

In Cambrian Township, half a mile from Gettysburg.

Businesses to be sold in Cambrian, Adams County, Pa.

Speculations to be made in Cambrian, Adams County, Pa.

**PROPOSALS FOR HAULING,**

Great Western Hotel,

1311 and 1312 MARGARET STREET,

(new business of the new Pathe Building.)

**P H I L A D E L P H I A , P . A .**

RATES—Two Dollars per day.

**BENRY RAITTER,**

April 22, 1874.

**Executor's Notice,**

EWIN J. DELLAHAN'S ESTATE—Letters of Administration on the estate of Louis J. Delahan, deceased, have been granted to the testator, deceased, by the Probate Court of the County of Adams, on the 20th instant, and the same will be published in the newspapers.

MAURICE A. SWANSON, Administrator.

April 22, 1874.

**ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE,**

ISOPH. SLAWOMIRSKI, Esq.—Letters of Administration on the estate of the late Isopoh Slawomirski, deceased, in the County of Adams, Pennsylvania, have been granted to the testator, deceased, by the Probate Court of the County of Adams, on the 20th instant, and the same will be published in the newspapers.

MAURICE A. SWANSON, Administrator.

April 22, 1874.

**NOTICE,**

THE first and last account of DAVID D. WOLRICH, Esq.—Assignee of John W. Gandy, Esq.—of the County of Adams, Pennsylvania, deceased, by the Probate Court of the County of Adams, on the 20th instant, and the same will be published in the newspapers.

DAVID D. WOLRICH, Esq.—Philadelphia, Pa.

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DAVID D. WOLRICH, Esq.—Philadelphia, Pa.

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**MARRIED,**

On the 10th inst., at the residence of the wife of the parson, by Rev. H. E. Long, JACOB COOPER, of South Newton township, Cambria County, Pa., to MARY E. COOPER, daughter of Butler Cooper, his countryman.

On the 10th inst., at Cambria Chapel, by Rev. Mr. COOPER, of South Newton, Mr. COOPER, of Cambria Heights, of Mechanicsburg, on the 10th inst., at West Berlin, by Rev. Mr. COOPER, of Mechanicsburg, to MARY RAY, wife of James RAY, of Union Township, Adams County.

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WEDNESDAY, APRIL 22, 1874.

## THE FARMERS.

UNDER-DRAINING.

(Continued from last week's Compiler.)

The effect of too much water in the soil is thus described:—

"In such land the subsoil is wet—almost constantly wet—and the falling rain, finding only the surface soil in a condition to receive it, soon fills this, and often more than fills it, and stands on the surface. After the rain, come wind and sun, to dry off the standing water—to dry out the free water in the surface soil, and to draw up the water of the subsoil, which is slowly drawn from below. If no spring or ooze keeps up the supply, and if there is no fall, the subsoil may be dried to considerable depth, cracking and gashing open in wide fissures, as the clay shrinks its water by absorption and shrinks.

After the surface soil has become sufficiently dry, the land may be plowed, seeds will germinate and plants will grow. If there be not too much rain during the season, nor too little, the crop may be a fair one—if the land be rich, a very fair one. It is not impossible, nor even very uncommon, for such soils to produce largely, but they are always precarious. To the labor and expense of cultivation which fairly earn a secure return, there is added the anxiety of chance; success is greatly dependent on the weather, and the weather may be bad. Heavy rains after planting may cause the seeds to rot in the ground, or to germinate imperfectly; heavy rains during early growth may give an unnatural development, or a feeble character to the plants; later in the season, the want of rain may cause the crop to be parched by drought, for its roots, delving the clammy subsoil below, will have extended within only a few inches of the surface, and are subject, almost, to the direct action of the sun's heat; in harvest time, but weather may delay the gathering until the crop is greatly injured, and fall and spring work must often be put off because of wet."

"For late grafting, four and a-half pounds of rosin should be used, to prevent the wax softening under a hot sun when first applied.

"For handling the wax, either in making it or grafting, the operator should off his hands, or else will experience some vexatious moments in endeavor to get rid of this tenacious substance. I have used this kind of grafting wax for ten years, and I can vouch for its superior quality for all purposes. Wax made from the above receipt is worked with ease in cold weather; it stands the heat of the sun very well, and is much superior in these respects to wax with tail instead of tailed oil. When tailed, the mixture is more sticky, for it causes paper or muslin for whipping,

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